The Pandemic Recession & The Labor Market (This one is different.)

For Conversation with AAUW-Huntsville, AL

Diane Lim – February 2, 2021 *Twitter: @economistmom EconomistMom.com blog*

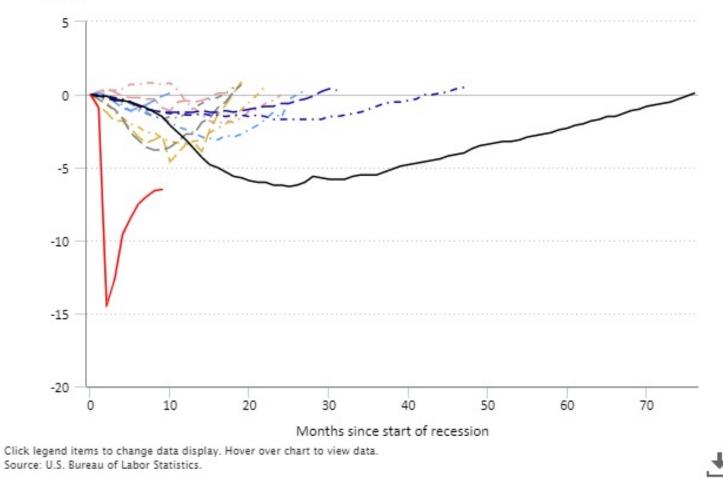
Figure 1. Cumulative percentage change in CES employment in post-World War II recessions and subsequent recoveries

- Current recession (2020)
- · 2001 recession
- · 1981-82 recession
- · 1973-75 recession
- · 1960-61 recession

- 1953-54 recession

Percent

- Great Recession (2007–2009)
- 1990–91 recession
- 1980 recession
- 1969–70 recession
- 1957–58 recession
- 1948–49 recession



From Handwerker et al., "Employment recovery in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic," BLS Monthly Labor Review, Dec. 2020 (https://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/20 20/article/employmentrecovery.htm)

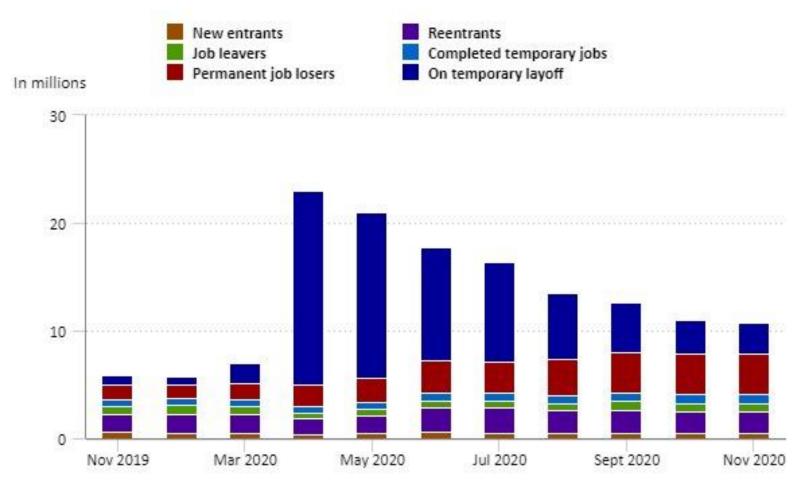
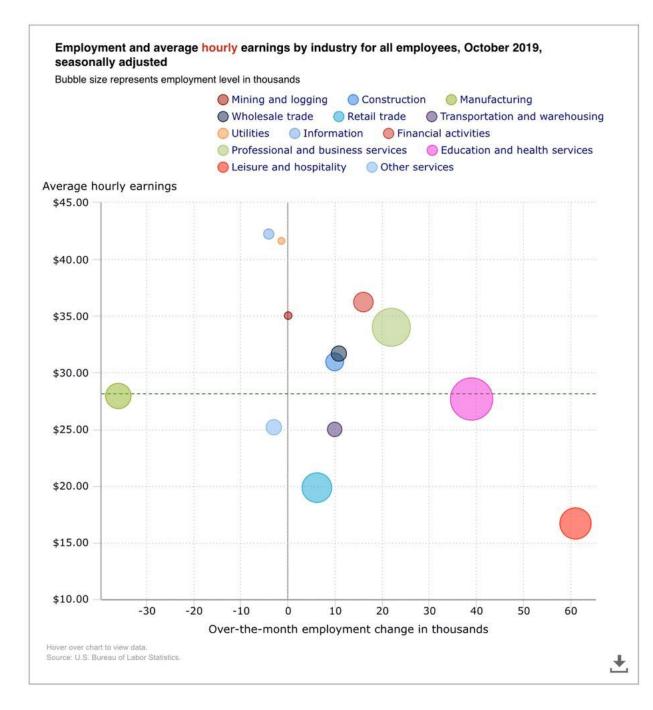


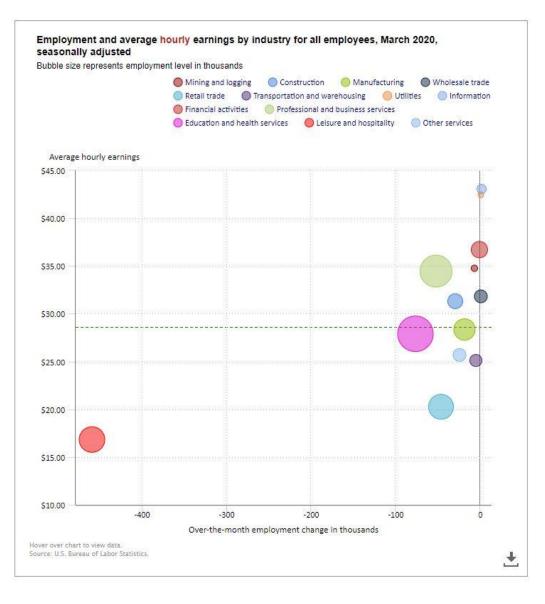
Figure 3. Unemployed people by reason for unemployment

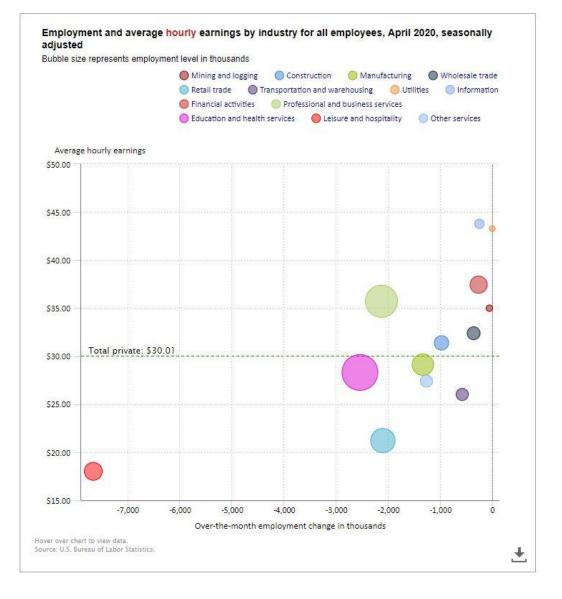
Click legend items to change data display. Hover over chart to view data. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.



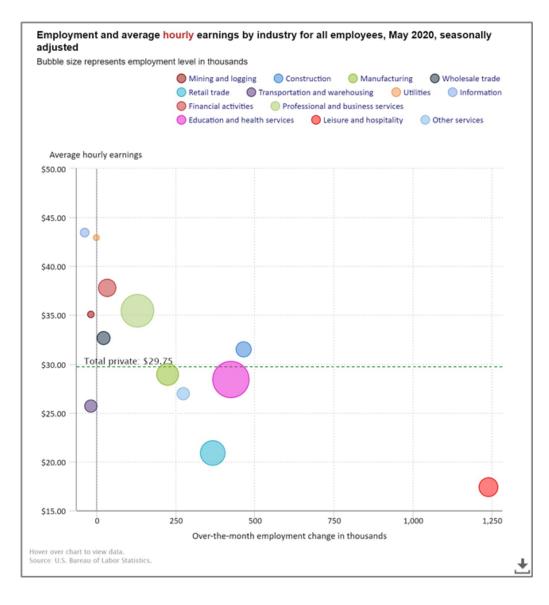
Demand-side factors:

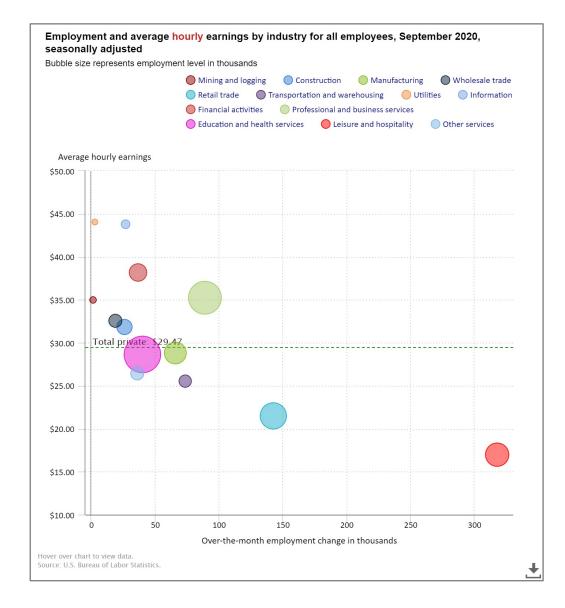
Pre-pandemic (October 2019): follow the red-orange bouncing ball (leisure/hospitality sector)...





March 2020





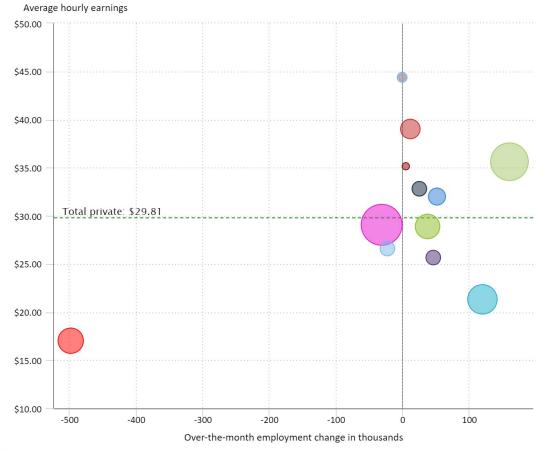
September 2020

May 2020

Employment and average hourly earnings by industry for all employees, December 2020, seasonally adjusted

Bubble size represents employment level in thousands

Mining and logging	Construction	🔵 Manufact	uring	🔵 Wholesale trade				
🔵 Retail trade 🛛 🔵 Tr	ansportation and war	ehousing (Utilities	Information				
Financial activities Professional and business services								
Education and health	services 🛛 🔵 Leisu	ire and hospital	ity 🔵 O	ther services				



...and **December 2020** (back down again)

Hover over chart to view data. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Pandemic Labor Market Outcomes by Gender and Race

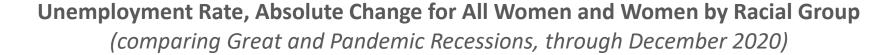
(why this recession has been dubbed the "She-cession")

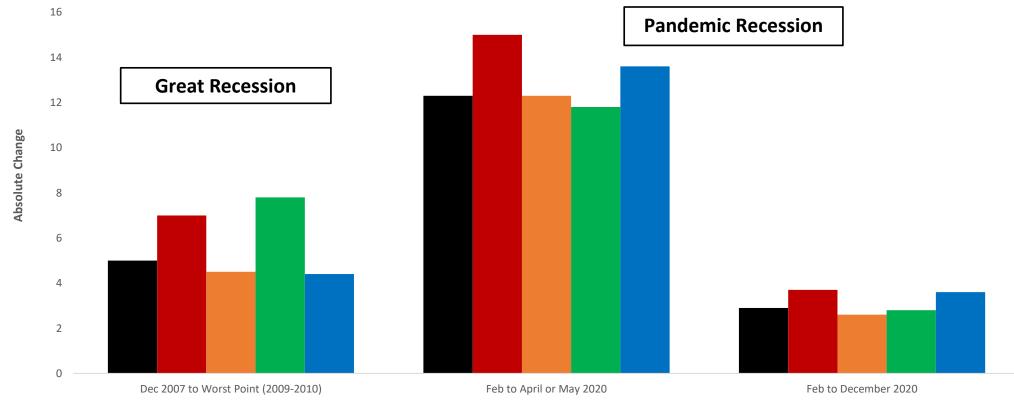
Charts/table that follow are based on BLSpublished, *un*adjusted data by race and gender categories, through December 2020, downloadable here:

https://data.bls.gov/PDQWeb/In. (These are not yet on my blog but were shared on Twitter here:

https://twitter.com/economistmom/status/13 47969256626003970?s=20)



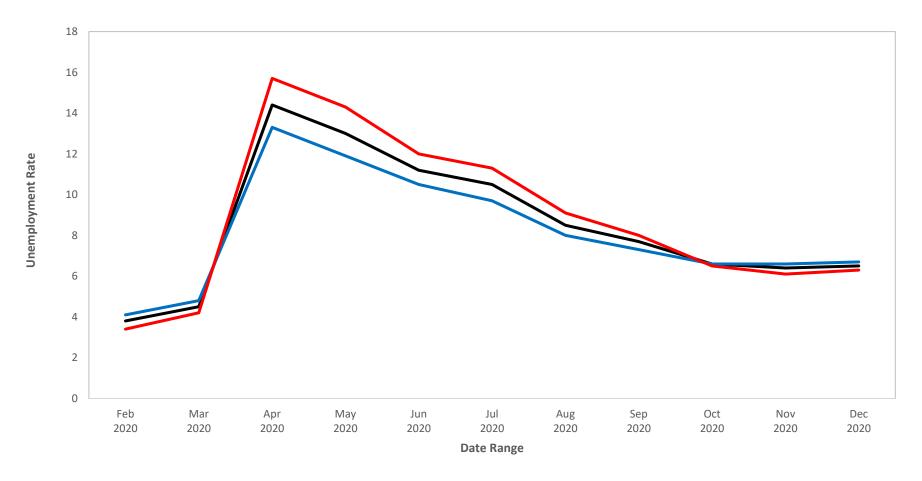






Unemployment Rates for Overall, All Men, All Women

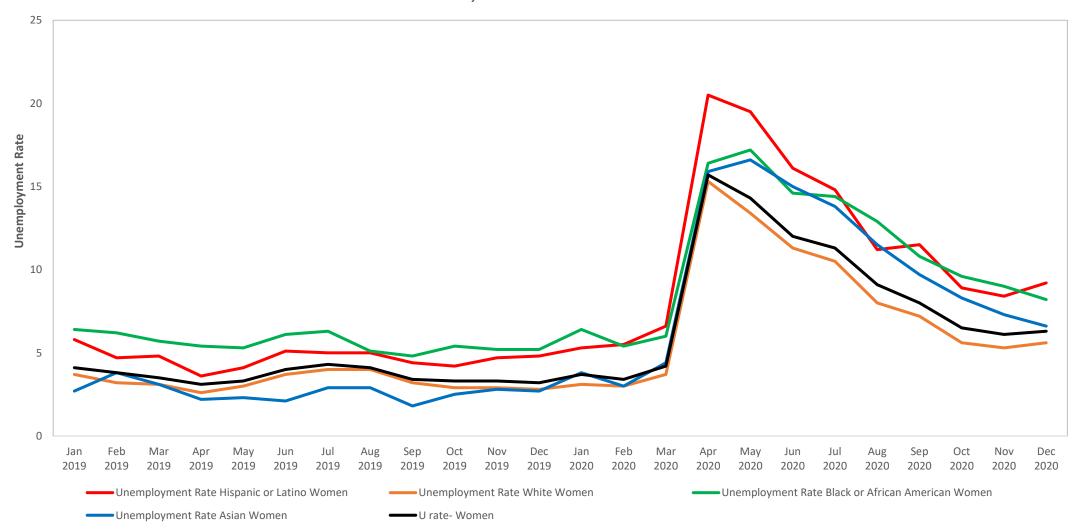
Pandemic Recession: February 2020 - December 2020



U rate- All U rate- Men U rate- Women

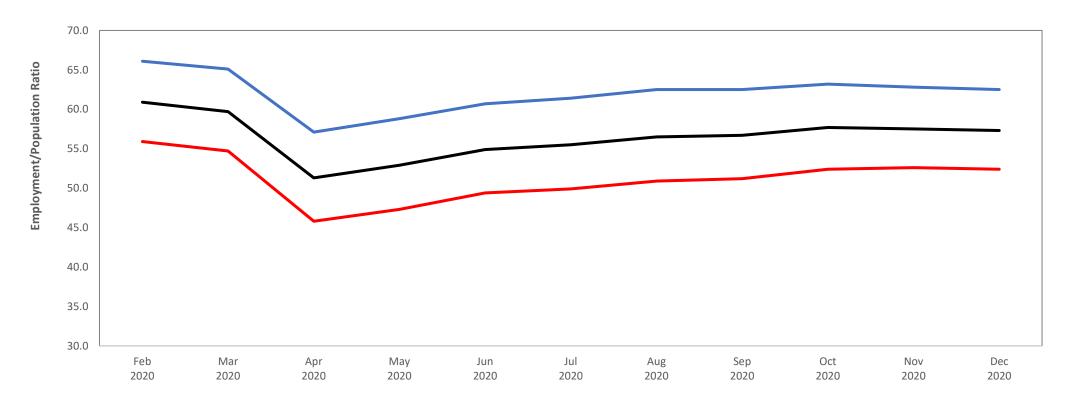
Unemployment Rate for All Women and Women by Racial Group

January 2019 - December 2020



Employment to Population Ratio for Overall Population, All Men and All Women

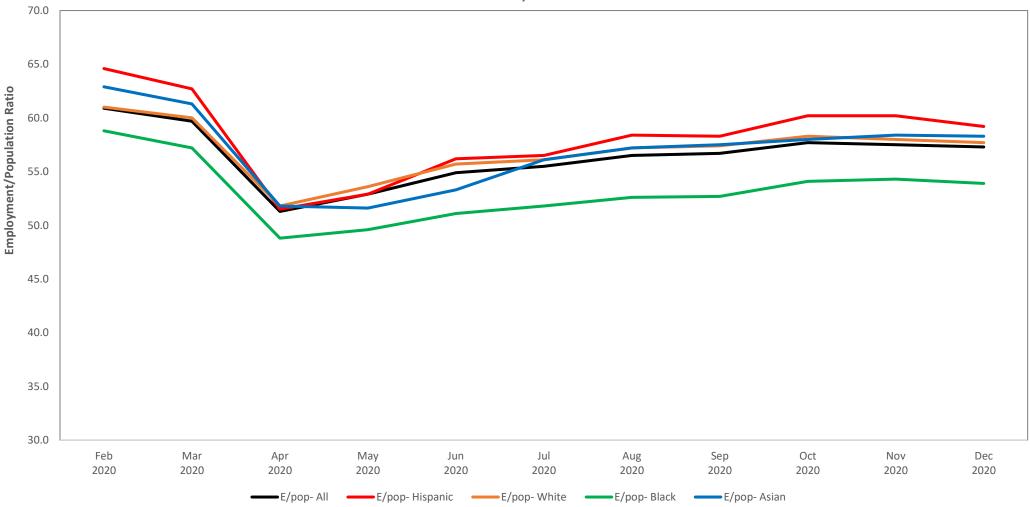
Pandemic Recession: February 2020 - December 2020



E/pop- All E/pop- Men E/pop- Women

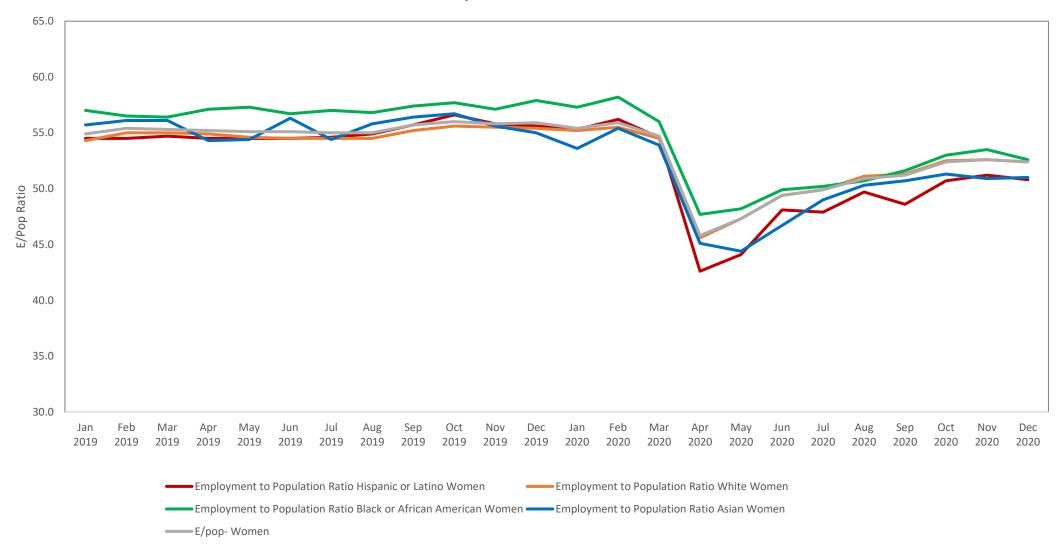
Employment to Population Ratio by Race

Pandemic Recession: February 2020 - December 2020



Employment/Population Ratio for All Women and by Racial Group

January 2019 - December 2020



Unemployment Rates During Prior ("Great") Recession and Current Pandemic Recession

by Race/Gender Categories, Unadjusted data from Bureau of Labor Statistics UPDATED for DECEMBER data - DL 1/8/2021

	Great Rece	ession (Decen	nber 2007 -	Pandemic Re	ecession (Feb	ruary 2020 tl	nrough April-	worst point	
	June 2009)			for most groupsand DECEMBER 2020)			EMBER 2020)		
			<u>Change</u> :						
			Dec 2007 to						
			Worst Point				Change:	Change:	
		Worst Point	•	February			Feb to April		
	2007	,	2010)*	2020	April 2020			2020	
All	4.8	10.6	5.8	3.8	14.4	6.5	10.6	2.7	
All Women	4.4	9.4	5.0	3.4	15.7	6.3	12.3	2.9	the "She-cession"
All Men	5.1	12.3	7.2	4.1	13.3	6.7	9.2	2.6	but female U rate now < male (since Oct)
All White	4.3	9.7	5.4	3.4	13.8	5.9	10.4	2.5	
White Women	3.9	8.4	4.5	3.0	15.3	5.6	12.3	2.6	
White Men	4.5	11.4	6.9	3.7	12.6	6.2	8.9	2.5	least impacted this time
All Black	8.6	17.3	8.7	6.3	16.4	9.3	10.1	3.0	
Black Women	7.5	15.3	7.8	5.4	16.4	8.2	11.0	2.8	
Black Men	9.7	21.3	11.6	7.3	16.3	10.6	9.0	3.3	Black Men: worst off in prior recession (chg & level)
									(highest U rate level in Dec)
All Hispanic	6.3	13.9	7.6	4.8	18.5	9.2	13.7	4.4	
Hispanic Women	6.4				20.5	9.2	15.0	3.7	Hisp. Women worst chg through April
Hispanic Men	6.3				16.9	9.2	12.6		now Hisp. Men worst off through Dec
			217						
All Asian	3.7	8.4	4.7	2.5	14.3	5.8	11.8	3.3	
Asian Women	4.0			3.0	15.9	6.6	12.9		best off in prior (had been worst through NOV)
Asian Men	3.4				12.9		10.8		Asians alone: female U still > male U in Dec

* Worst Points during Great Recession are where each category's unemployment rate peaked:

Asian Women peaked earliest, in 6/2009; White & Hispanic Men peaked in 1/2010; Asian Men peaked in 2/2010;

Black Men peaked in 3/2010; and White, Black & Hispanic Women peaked in 7/2010.

** Peak Unemployment during Pandemic Recession occurred in <u>May</u> 2020 for the following groups:

All Black (16.6%), Black Women (17.2%), All Asian (14.8%), Asian Women (16.6%), and Asian Men (13.2%).

Things to Think About/Discussion

- What has the Pandemic Recession taught us about vulnerabilities in our economy (weak links in our economic supply chain)?
- What will the economic recovery be conditional on, and how can public policy help? (How to bring up the lower half of the "K" and get back to a strong and resilient and inclusive/equitable economy?)
- Should we consider whether federal and state tax-and-transfer systems are outdated given today's (and the future of) labor markets and household structures?
- Need for more and better (more granular) data to understand even how the *macro*economy is doing and how helpful (or wasteful) public policies are. See President Biden's <u>Executive Order on "Advancing Racial Equity</u> and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government"; it's about gender equity, too. (See my blog posts about <u>the Asian-Female intersection</u>.)
- Remember the ultimate foundation of the economy is people and work (human capital, not physical or financial capital). If we recalibrate government subsidies more towards human capital, this likely implies needed shift of the role and resources of government from federal to state/local.